The Millheim Journal.

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A. HARTER,

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VICTORIAS.—One cupful sugar, one egg, one teaspoonful of soda dissolved in one pint of water; beat butter and sugar together, add the water, stir in enough flour to make a thin batter; bake on a hot griddle without turning over; butter each one the instant it is done; nice for lunch.

DAWN.

I hear the clarions of the day:
Night's mighty veil is upward drawn,
And with its golden fringes play
The jewelry fingers of the dawn.

The curling vapors one by one
Are shot with opalescent gleams,
And now the almost risen sun
Darts up a thousand crimson streams.

From heaven to earth the splendor steals,
Down glided vanes to windowed towers,
The conscious bells break out in peals,
God! what a wondrous world is ours!

The fiery colors slowly fade,
In sapphire depth they pass away;
The sun begins his grand parade;
From pole to pole 'tis perfect day.

Earth's children feel their mother warm;
From drowsy beds they wake and start,
And forth, through streets and alleys swarm
In myriads to the noisy mart.

O happy toil! O blessed fate!
To no one thought too close confined,
That, with each motion, drops a date,
And shifts the pictures of the mind,

I envy you your changing strife,
Your weary hours, your evening rest,
When all the little cares of life
Are lulled to slumber in the breast.

For my poor soul, that still will float
Near one idea of stern device,
Drifts on, like the Laplander's boat,
Close moored beside its berg of ice.

THROUGH THE TWILIGHT.

Lily Vennor was late home from her work on this particular night.

A dismal February night it was, with a grey fog above, through which the lamps shone like yellow dots of sickly flame.

But Lily was used to all sorts of weather.

Lily Vennor was a milliner.

All day long she sat, with seven and twenty other girls, in a long low-ceiled room on the upper floor of a monster building in one of the narrow streets of the West End, working until she vaguely wondered within herself if there were women enough in all the world to wear out the dresses she and her companions made.

It was hard work, and it was poorly paid; but Lily Vennor had known what it was to be without employment for weeks at a time, and she was thankful even for Mr. Murex's four shillings a day, with the stipulation that, in case of extra haste, an hour or so overtime should not be objected to.

The poor are generally worsted in their bargains, nor was our little heroine an exception to the rule.

But the work was over at last, and Lily was in the outer room, tying her curls under the brown felt hat, whose tasteful loops of ribbon had been sponged and turned so often, and folding her worn shawl across her shoulders.

And as she took up her dinner-basket, she heard the gay voice of Mary Reid, one of her fellow-workers, saying merrily—

"St. Valentine's Eve!

"You don't mean that you have forgotten it, Ida?"

"Why I expect a dozen valentines at least to-morrow."

Lily Vennor glanced up at Mary Reid as she spoke.

A dozen valentines?

Yes, there was every probability that she would receive as many as that,

She was a dark-eyed brilliant-complexioned young beauty, with a pretty Greek nose, a dimple on the left cheek, and teeth as white as sliced cocoanut.

She would be one to marry early, and escape from this bondage of toil and poverty; and for a moment Lily wished that she too were beautiful.

And then came a second thought.

St. Valentine's Eve—and she had promised Midge and Edith, the two little twin sisters at home, a valentine for this year, when Midge had submitted to the ordeal of vaccination, and Edith had been so docile at the task of learning to make stockings.

For Lily Vennor, girl though she was, had already been burdened with the cares of life.

Her father had married a second time, and lost his wife, leaving Lily at his own death with the charge of these two little ones, Edith and Margaret, commonly known as "Midge."

It was a hard, hard task, but Lily never quailed.

She had accepted it simply as she would have accepted any other decree of Providence, and the two little orphans had learned to love her with all their innocent hearts.

And now she paused in front of the brilliant show-windows, with her worn purse in her hand, trying to decide upon some particular style of valentine which would be pretty enough to suit the children, and which would not be too dear.

So she went into the shop, humbly awaiting her turn, and bought two sixpenny valentines, which the clerk superciliously tossed toward her.

"I should like two postage stamps," said she meekly.

"Stamps!" echoed the clerk. "This ain't a post-office!"

Lily pointed to a printed placard in the window—"Stamps for Sale Here"—and the clerk, grumbling under his breath, gave her the two stamps.

The next morning however little Midge and Edith danced up and down with joy when the postman left the two valentines at their door.

"And here's a valentine for you, Lily," said Midge.

"Only the envelope hasn't got such pretty gilt roses on as mine and Edith's have."

Lily was standing with her hat on as the child ran up to her.

"A valentine," said she, "for me?

"But I think you are mistaken, little Midge."

She opened the letter with a sensation of wonder as to whom it possibly could be from.

For she got so few letters, this gentle drudging little creature, that the very sight of an envelope in a strange hand was a circumstance to startle her.

"From Doctor Ingraham," she said to herself.

"He will call here to see me this evening.

"Oh dear, dear! I knew how it would be.

"He thinks it's so strange that I haven't said anything about paying him for his attendance on Midge and Edie when they had the scarlet fever.

"But he doesn't know how poor we are!

"And he doesn't know—how should he?—that I was going to his office this very week; to ask him for the bill, and try and save up the amount, little by little, until I had got enough.

"Oh dear! oh dear!

"What am I to do?"

She laid out the children's rations on the table—a bowl of milk, and two liberal slices of bread for each—and cautioning them not to go near the fire—which smouldered in a little cast-iron stove—went to her daily work with a heart which felt like lead within her bosom.

Mary Reid was talking in her high, soprano voice, about the valentine she received.

Leila Payne and Sarah Howell were giggling over gilt and tasselled epistles, directed in masculine hands, but Lily went straight to the forewoman.

"Mrs. Dobbs," said she, "can you lend me ten dollars?"

"I?" said the forewoman, in sour surprise,

"I need it very, very much!" said poor Lily; "and if you will give it to me to-day—this very afternoon, I mean—I will pay you my next two weeks entire wages as they come in."

Mrs. Dobbs did a little mental arithmetic in the recesses of her brain as she stood there staring with fishy eyes on Lily Vennor.

Yes, the interest was not so bad.

She thought it might "pay;" and so she lent the ten dollars for a term of fourteen days, Sundays and holidays included.

And Lily, mustering up what courage she could, stopped at Doctor Ingraham's office on her way home from work.

"I won't give him the trouble to call," said she to herself; "for, of course, it will be a disappointment to him to know that he can't get his whole bill

"But I will tell him I will pay the rest as soon as ever I can.

"And I hope he won't be very much vexed; for, oh, he was so good to me when the little ones were sick."

Poor Lily Vennor!

Dr. Ingraham's pretty little brougham was at the door when Lily went into his office, and Dr. Ingraham himself stood at the table, in his fur-trimmed coat, pouring some mixture from one vial into another—a tall, dark man, with eyes as black as sloes, and a beard as long and soft as floss silk.

He glanced up with a smile as Lily entered, and something like a flush of color crossed his dark cheek for a moment.

"Sit down, Miss Vennor," said he.

"I have just finished my visits for the present.

"In five minutes I shall be ready for home practice."

Lily had turned pink and white, by turns, as she clasped the ten dollars tightly in the palm of her hand within her worn little muff.

"I—I will not detain you long," said she; and she waited until he had prepared the compound and sent it off by his man.

"And now?" he is standing opposite to her, with folded arms, and a height that seemed to her positively commanding.

"I received a note from you, she said, "this morning."

"Yes, and why did you not wait for me to call?" he asked quietly.

"I was ashamed to put you to the trouble," said Lily, in a low voice.

"I knew, of course, the object of your call."

"Did you?"

He elevated his brows slightly.

"And I knew very well that I had not the money for you," she added in desperation,

"But here is ten dollars, and if you will please let me know the whole amount, I will endeavor to pay it by instalments as best I can."

"You are mistaken, Miss Vennor," said the Doctor.

"My motive in calling, had nothing whatever to do with the collection of my bill."

Lily looked at him with innocent surprise.

She did not understand him.

"I had a question to ask you," said the Doctor.

"About the children?"

"No; about yourself."

"Yes," he said, "and I will ask it now, Miss Vennor.

"In those weeks when I came daily to your house, and saw you stand like a little angel at the bedside of those little ones, I made up my mind that you, of all women, came nearest my ideal of sweet, womanly perfection.

"And I vowed within myself to ask you to be my wife.

"So now, Miss Vennor—Lily—you know why I was coming!"

It seemed like a dream of unreal bliss to Lily Vennor, that homeward walk through the twilight, with Bruce Ingraham's arm to support her, his beloved presence so near to her.

She had been a toiler in life's shadow ever since she could remember; but she was coming into her heritage of happiness at last.

Little Midge and Edith were looking out for her, over the stairway, as she came home.

"It's Lily," cried Midge, in an audible stage whisper.

"Our Lily!

"But she isn't alone.

"There's some one with her.

"Oh, Edie, I guess it's her valentine!

"Old Mrs. Norris says that everyone has a valentine to-day."

"You dear little prophet," cried Doctor Ingraham, catching up the little child in his arms.

"You are right.

"It is Lily's valentine!"

Doctor Ingraham!" exclaimed Edith, slowly.

"Well, if I was to chose a valentine out of all the world for Lily, I should say Doctor Ingraham!"

And Lily, in a voice that was almost a whisper, added—

"So should I!"

Children's Eyes.

Dr. Mittendorf, of New York, recently said that myopia, or shortsightedness has been called a disease of civilization, and, unless prompt measures were taken to counteract the injurious influences which led to the development of the disease, it must more and more be regarded as a disease of civilized life. The cause of the disease, he explained, were debility of the sclerotic, hereditary predisposition, long continued use of the eyes on small objects and an increase of interocular pressure by interference with the circulation of the interior of the eye. The disease was incurable, but could be successfully arrested by the application of proper glasses. The most dangerous period of myopia to set in was from the ages of 5 to 15 years, and an examination of the pupils attending schools of New York led to the following discoveries; Out of 203 scholars attending the Thirteenth street grammar school only 6 were nearsighted. At grammer school No. 58 698 children were examined, of whom 8½ per cent. were suffering from myopia. This included 425 American children, among whom there were 34 cases of myopia, and 273 Germans, of whom 26 were suffering from myopia. At grammar school No. 35, of 630 Americans 10 per cent. were myopic, and of 266 Germans 17½ per cent. were afflicted with disease. At Columbia College 201 students were examined, and of these 69, or 35 per cent., were found to be nearsighted, the percentage being greater in the academical department than in the school of mines. Further investigation, with a view to testing the hereditary nature of the disease, showed that, of 45 Jews, 40 per cent. came from myopic families; of 82 German myopics, 29, or 35 per cent., came from myopic families, and of 160 American children, only 49, or 31 per cent., had myopia in their families. In all cases it was found myopia increased with the length of school life. Very serious complications arose in this disease by neglecting the use of glasses, and frequently total blindness resulted from this neglect. He advocated, as a means of relieving the disease, rest and application of suitable glasses, which, in many instances, should be tinted blue, in order to avoid irritation from bright lights The popular prejudice of the poorer classes led to very mischievous results, and often to hopeless blindness.

A Large Private Library.

The owner of one of the largest private libraries in the country died recently at his home in Albany, N. Y. His name was Royal Woodward, and he was not an author, a professional man or a rich connoisseur, but a pedler of sewing silk For many years he had invested the greater part of his earnings, which were considerable, in books, and "is supposed to have left," says the Troy *Times*, "more than 30,000 volumes. His tastes ran in the direction of theology, genealogies and town histories. His library was never arranged, but was stowed from garret to cellar, in parlor and woodshed. He also owned large collections of engravings and autographs. Mr. Woodward was an honorary member of a number of antiquarian and literary societies in this country and Europe."

TRUE benevolence: Fogg says he never finishes a cigar but he thinks, "Another temptation removed from the young men of America!"

Ready Wit.

History is full of examples of the success attained by quick-witted men. De Grammont, when a young man, waited on Cardinal Richelieu, and surprised the great minister in a somewhat undignified amusement of leaping on a wall. The cardinal looked annoyed—a less ready-witted man would have apologized and retired. But De Grammont was wiser, and exclaimed, "I will wager that I can leap higher than your eminence." The challenge was accepted. De Grammont was courtier enough to allow himself to be surpassed, and the cardinal was his friend for the future. This readiness is confined to no rank of life. Horace Walpole gives an instance of it in a Paris fishwoman. The dauphin having recovered from a serious illness, the "dames de la Halle" waited on the King (Louis XV.) to offer their congratulations. "What would have become of us had our dauphin died?" said the spokeswoman: "we should have lost our all." "Yes," put in a second fishwoman, who observed the King's brow darken at this somewhat equivocal compliment to himself," we should, indeed, have lost our all, for our good King would never have survived his son's death." It was ready wit that enabled William the Conqueror to persuade his followers that his fall on stepping ashore in England, was an omen of good instead of evil fortune. "I have taken 'seisin' of this land," he exclaimed, rising with his hands full of earth; and the ready turn dispelled the superstitious fears which the accident had occasioned. The lower orders often possess great readiness at repartee. Few retorts are better than that of the paver to Sydenham the great seventeenth-century physician. The doctor was complaining of the bad manner in which the pavement was laid in front of his house, adding, "And now you throw down earth to hide your bad work." "Well doctor," said the man quietly, "mine is not the only bad work that the earth hides." Old biographers are fond of including "a ready wit" among the virtues of the subject of their memoirs; indeed, dull folks appear to have been looked upon in former days with extreme contempt. Dr. Johnson was very outspoken in his opinion regarding stupid people. Inveighing against a worthy but extremely foolish female acquaintance, a lady present reminded him that she was a very good woman, "and I trust that we shall meet her in paradise." "Madam," roared the exasperated doctor, "I never desire to meet fools anywhere."

Judging Women by their Mode of Walking.

Female gaits are just as much the subject of fashion's caprices as are bonnets and bustles. Of necessity, they must be, for the width and length of skirt, whether it be bouffant or serpentine, and a dozen other things, which are regulated solely by the prevailing mode, determine the proper caper in pedestrianism. The conventional girl has to bring her adaptability into play just as much when she selects her style of walk as she does in deciding upon the style of her hat or the stuff for her gown. Congruity, too, plays an important part in her street appearance and is an important factor in her success. The plump girl, who is all rich, ripe, round curves and massiveness, can bound along with a quick, elastic step that would be ridiculously out of place in her lank and sweetly-æsthetic sister. The first can travel with that easy, springing sway that is as suggestive of physical luxury and solid comfort as a pineapple-fiber hammock under an apple tree; the other must glide—her very appearance suggests the frailties of her structure and the possibilities of her being jarred out of shape in the bounding process. Between these two extremes of gait there is the happy mean, that is much less obtrusive, as it is more graceful, than either of the others; it is, too, much more rare. These three constitute the generic gaits; the specific ones are as numerous as the girls who go them

Every woman has a peculiarity of gait essentially her own—a sort of warping of the general principle to her idiosyncrasies. It may result from almost anything, from a bow leg to a splayed foot, but it will give a clew to her character, from which much may be gathered with proper observation. To one who watches the crowd it becomes a question whether, with a proper description of the steps and motions of the body, it would not be possible to classify each girl with a tolerable degree of accuracy. The matter-of-fact girl brings down her feet with such prosaic force that she is readily distinguished. So, too, is the romantic young lady, whose step in itself is suggestive of rope ladders and mysterious moonlight. There is a go-out-among-the-heathen goodness of gait that will mark the evangelist damsel ten blocks from a prayer meeting, and the step of the literary woman has an onomatopœia about it that proclaims her at once. So it is throughout the whole catalogue of female traits, and no one who studies the subject with any degree of care can help being convinced that a woman's walk is not an obscure factor in the grand results of her street victories.

A Poem Written on a Grain of Rice.

A Chinese teacher has just presented quite a curiosity to the City Hall Museum. Many of our readers have doubtless seen specimens of printing compressed within very small limits, such for instance as the whole of the Lord's Prayer contained within a circle the size of a finger ring. This, however, is not a specimen of minute typography, but of caligraphy, for it consists of a stanza of poetry, composed by the teacher himself, which contains thirty-three distinct and well formed Chinese characters written out in full style without any contractions, though the most complicated characters are not introduced into the lilliputian poem. It seems almost incredible, but it is a fact that the whole of these thirty-three characters are inscribed on one grain of unhulled rice. It is only another instance of the patient toil which a Chinaman will spend over apparently unremunerative work. The grain of paddy in enclosed under a magnifying glass, in a silver locket. Accompanying it is a wooden box containing a sort of discourse, of which the grain of paddy is the text. There are also other papers with it, some relating to the presentation of this curiosity to the Royal Princess, Prince Albert Victor, and George, of Wales, for whom it was originally intended, but owing to the hitch which occurred in the whole of the arrangements at that time, and the intending donor was never able to accomplish his object, though he used every means in his power to do so.

Diamond Thieves.

A New York diamond thief worked the following plan all over the country with great success. He would, in company with a lady, enter any "marked" jewelry house and select a lot of valuable gems. With the utmost suavity he would order them sent to his hotel, C. O. D., immediately, and with the lady would quit the store, enter a hack and drive to the hotel. The messenger arrived at the hotel, would be directed up to the purchaser's room, the latter having previously left word with the clerk to send him up immediately upon his arrival.

The messenger upon knocking at the pretended purchaser's door, would be invited in, and very politely requested to produce the diamonds and receive his money. Immediately upon the diamonds being handed to him, the sharper would by a cough give a signal to his accomplice in the next room. She would then call him and ask him to come into her room, just for a minute, immediately. The knave would thereupon place the jewels in a cabinet that stood in the room, and excusing himself, would withdraw for a moment. The messenger would wait a reasonable time for his reappearance, and then, becoming weary, would go to the cabinet to take possession of the jewels, when voila they would be non est. The cabinet has been made in such a manner that its drawers pull out from the back. It has been placed against a door connecting with the next room, a part of which has been cut out. The thieves from the other room have abstracted the jewels and fled.

Another scheme that is very often worked is for the thief to enter a diamond establishment and look over certain diamonds. After making a minute examination of them he will leave, promising to call the next day. He will call at the appointed time and again ask to be shown the "sparks." After examining them he will request the clerk to hand him an envelope. Upon receiving it he places the gems in the envelope, in the presence of the clerk, puts his name on the envelope, pays a small amount deposit and asks that they be kept for him until the morrow, when he will call and pay the balance, To this the salesman gladly consents, and lays the envelope one side from the customer. The next day and the next arrives and going without the appearance of the purchaser, the envelope is opened and to the astonishment of the unlucky seller, counterfeits of the genuine articles are found enclosed. The thief's mode of operation is as follows; Upon calling at the store the first time he takes away in his mind a minute description of the diamonds he has examined. Repairing to some "crooked" jeweler he has duplicate paste ones made with the same setting. Placing these in the palm of his hand so as to conceal them from the party who is to wait on him, he re-enters the jewelry house at the appointed time. Upon being handed the stones he dexterously lets the counterfeits fall from the palm of his hand to the ends of his fingers, at the same time rapidly carrying the genuines to his palm. This feat, as a matter of course, is akin to legerdemain, and requires a vast amount of practice, combined with a wonderful control of the facial muscles. Having changed the articles in the position desired, it is a very easy matter to deceive the clerk into a belief that the "bonas" are being placed in the envelope. A Philadelpoia expert was amassing a fortune at this game, when becoming too bold or reckless, he either by accident or intent attempted to "walk" the same establishment twice, and was caught.

The plan executed by the gang in Louisville recently was the oldest known to crooks, that is of employing a "staul" to attract the attention of the "main guy" while one or more men do the work. The proprietor in the case hardly deserves sympathy for his loss, as robberies of the same nature are reported in the press almost daily, together with a description of how the work is done.

Perhaps the latest and most unique manner of purloining diamonds is as follows:

An apparently old decrepit old man, accompanied by his wife or daughter will enter a first class jewelry store and ask to be shown some loose diamonds, or, in other words, diamonds that have been removed from their settings and placed together on a paper, which are all exhibited to the purchaser together. The old man in enacting his part, is very near sighted and partially blind, and in order to obtain a good view of the diamonds) places his head in close proximity to them. At this instant the lady will point to some other articles in the case and ask their price. The condescending clerk, thinking he is sure to make a good sale, diverts his attention for a moment from the old gentleman and reaches in the case to produce for inspection whatever the lady has asked to be shown. Now is the opportunity, and with the rapidity almost of thought, the old man darts his tongue into the midst of the loose diamonds. As many of them as touch that member, adhere to it, and are drawn back into the possessor's mouth. The few that are taken are not missed for the time being, as the stones are never counted, but weighed. Ordering some article to be sent to a given address for a blind, the pair take their departure from the store and a hundred chances to one are never detected. Once obtained, the thieves easily dispose of the diamonds to any jeweler, first, of course, removing them from their settings, so they cannot be identified.

While not belonging strictly to the branch of diamond thievery, a great deal of money is realized by sharpers in the following way.

They get off to some provincial town and stop at its best hotel. After having cultivated the acquaintance of the proprietor, they, in a plausible strain, set forth that ill-fortune has overtaken them, been unlucky at gambling, or something of that sort. However, they have a diamond pin left which they would pawn to pay their bill if there was only a pawn shop in the town, which, of course, there is not. Would the landlord accommodate them with the loan of $50 on it until they received money by express, which was on the way. The unsophisticated landlord sends the pin to the best jeweler in the berg, who pronounces it to be worth not a cent less than $500. Such is really the fact, the sharpers having tendered a genuine diamond pin. When the ornament is brought back from the jeweler, who has declared it genuine, the knaves undertake to show the landlord some peculiarity about it. While so doing, right under the victim's eyes, they change in for a duplicate paste one, which has been concealed in the palm of one or the other's hand. The accommodating host carefully locks the bogus pin in the "gopher," and hands over the stipulated amount, only to find out in time that he has been "done."

Monks and Mastiffs.

A variety is given to the little streets immediately adjoining the college and the abbey by the frequent appearance of a couple of monks, accompanied by a dozen or more splendid specimens of the St. Bernard mastiff. The race of this fine dog is kept vigorous and pure, though all throughout the canton I notice a number of these animals which evidently have strains of other blood. In fact, excepting from the monastery itself, the Valaisians say you cannot procure a thoroughbred dog, and not always even there. Their peculiar training for the assistance of wayfarers begins, of course, only on the mountains, and it was from the monastery on the St. Bernard that the Prince of Wales obtained, when passing there, the fine canine specimens which are the ornaments of his kingly kennel at Sandringham.

These dogs are fed three times a day with vegetable and animal food. The Christian dog here, contrary to some "dogs of Christians" elsewhere, observes the monastic regime, and is limited, on fast days and days of abstinence, in his food. Next to London joint stock companies, I never saw canine creatures with so much "limited liability." There are about two hundred dogs held here in training orders for the final lessons in humanitarian seeking and finding on St. Bernard's bleak top.

These dogs have most attractive names, and respond to them as intelligently as a corporal's guard on roll-call. A sort of of stud-book is kept, which, for its detail and accuracy, would draw tears of envy from the racing authorities at Newmarket, and which I look over with an interest in dog pedigree that would amaze and amuse a Darwin in a Herald's College. The first family of dogs here are proud of their lineage as if they belonged to the blue blood of all dogdom, chronicled in the "Bow-wow Peerage" or the canine "Who's Who."

One old family traces its origin to the dog days of the celebrated Bishop Leon, who was hurled from his palace windows in the fourteenth century by a spendthrift nephew, who was the roue cur of this canton.

I may mention, on the subject of these dogs and their sense of smell, that it is keener than in dogs of the smaller and more domestic type. It is by the smell that they are guided in their chief works. It has been said that "pet dogs," lap dogs, and dogs undogged, if I may use the term, by silly fondling and female nursing, are less strong in their sense of smell than the natural dog pure and simple. A dog deprived of smelling powers ceases to be a dog. Schiff, in his treatise on dogs and their faculties, says the dog with a loss of smell loses its faculty of faithfulness toward its master, whom it recognizes and loves simply on account of his individual perfume. He caused some other dogs to be deolfactorized, and forever after they forget their cunning, and knew no master, be he ever so kind. The olefactory nerve in the Mount St. Bernard mastiff is particularly large, liberally containing sinuses for increasing the olfactory surface, and you do not discover it so developed in small dogs.

Fisheries at Cancale.

The fishing fleet of Cancale, both for dredging oysters and catching fish, numbers more than 200 lugger-ribbed craft of small tonnage. These boats are owned partly by single individuals, partly by their crews, who have clubbed together for co-partnership. Their tackle and gear cost as much as the boats and sails; the nets, which are chiefly made at Nantes, being the great item of expense. The seine is never used; the trawl, which is fitted with a huge head-bag or receptacle, being the sort of snare generally adopted. Each boat has a functionary called a "mistress:" that is, a woman who has contracted, under certain conditions, for the sale of the take of the craft. The crew have, therefore, nothing to do with the disposal of the fish. The produce of the sale effected by the "mistress" is generally divided into five parts—two to the owner or owners of the boat, one to the skipper and two to the crew, the woman having previously deducted her legitimate profits. The life of a "Cancalais", as these fishermen dub themselves, is one even more rife with danger than that of others of their calling. The Bay of Mont St. Michel is one of the most perilous seas in the world. Equatorial tides rise in it to the height of fifty feet, and ordinary tides to thirty-five feet. The distance between high and low water marks is more than six miles in some places, and the rapidity of the currents, especially on a stormy day, maelstrom-like. Quicksands, too, are numerous, and a boat shoaled on one of them during ebb-tide has little chance of its crew being saved; as regards itself, none. In calm weather the boats fish in the shallowest waters, their keels occasionally heeling in the mud; and here they take soles, turbot, doree, brill and skate in considerable quantities. Goverament forbids fishing within a mile of the shore; but so soon as night sets in and screens the fishermen and their fleets from the lookouts of the steam gunboat at Granville and the coast guard sailing schooner at Cancale, the boats are run within the prescribed limits, and the forbidden fruit tasted. Oysters are allowed to be taken only on certain days at certain times of the year, a strict watch being kept by the two vessels above mentioned, from which signals are made when dredging is to commence and to cease. Fishing proper, however, goes on all the year, the only restriction, with the exception of the fixed distance from the shore, as already mentioned, being that of mailage, or size of the meshes of the nets. Meshes wider by the fraction of an inch only, having been ordered by the Government to be used and their use continued for a few years, brought the population of Cancale to the verge of starvation, fishes that were entangled before escaping now. In fact, so momentous a question is this one of mailage among a class of individuals who earn their living from the depths of the sea that candidates for State or municipal offices invariably promise the electors to obtain for them the privilege of smaller meshes for the fishing nets, that promise, whether carried out or not, being the only safe "card" for securing success. Mailage is the bug-bear of Cancalais.

The Millheim Journal

THURSDAY, NOV. 16., 1882.

THE MILLHEIM JOURNAL

Is published every Thursday, in Musser's Building, corner of Main and Penn streets at

$1.00 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE

Or $1.25 if not paid in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

	1 week.	1 mo.	3 mo.	6 mo.	1 year.
1 square,...	$1 00	$2 00	$3 00	$4 00	$6 00
¼ column,...	3 00	4 00	6 00	10 00	15 00
½ column,...	5 00	8 00	12 00	20 00	35 00
1 column,...	8 00	12 00	20 00	35 00	60 00

One inch makes a square. Administrators and Executors' Notices $2.50. Transient advertisements and locals 10 cents per line for first insertion and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Job Work done on short notice.

EININGER & BUMILLER,

Editors and Proprietors.

Church & Sunday School Directory.

Evangelical.

Revs P C Weidenmyer and J D Shortess Preach's

Rev. P. C. Weidenmyer will preach next Sunday morning.

Sunday School, 1½ P. M.—D. L. Zerby, Supt.

Missionary Society meets on the second Monday evening of each month.

Methodist.

Rev. Furman Adams Preacher-in-charge.

Regular services next Sunday eveneng.

Sunday School at A. M.—D. A. Musser, Supt

Reformed.

Rev. Zwingli A. Yearick, Pastor.

Preaching in Aaronsburg next Sunday evening.

United Brethren.

Rev. J. G. W. Herald, Preacher-in-charge.

Lutheran.

Rev. John Tomlinson, Pastor.—

Preaching in Aaronsburg next Sunday morning, German.

Ladies' Mite Society meets on the first Monday evening of each month.

United Sunday School.

Meets at 9 A. M.—A. R. Alexander Supt.

Lodge & Society Directory.

Millheim Lodge, No. 355, I. O. O. F. meets in heir hall, Penn Street, every Saturday evening.

Rebecca Degree Meeting every Thursday on or before the full moon of each month.

C. W. HARTMAN, Sec. W. L. BRIGHT, N. G.

Providence Grange, No. 217 P. of H. meets in Alexander's block on the second Saturday of each month at 1½, P. M., and on the fourth Saturday of each month at 1½ P. M.

D. L. ZERBY, Sec. T. G. ERHARD, Master.

The Millheim B. & L. Association meets in the Penn street school house on the evening of the second Monday of each month.

A. WALTER, Sec, B. O. DEININGER, Prest.

The Millheim Cornet Band meets in the Town Hall on Monday and Thursday evenings.

J. W. Foote, Sec. D. I. Brown Pres't.

NEARLY 40,000.

Official returns from sixty-one counties in the state give a total vote of 675,421 for governor last Tuesday a week ago, an increase of 125,908 over the vote for state treasurer in the same counties one year ago. With two remote counties to be heard from Senator Stewart's total vote is 47,876, against 49,789 for Wolfe in 1881. The following table gives the pluralities for Pattison and Beaver:

PATTISON PLURALITY.		BEAVER PLURALITY.	
Adams	578	Allegheny	2102
Bedford	385	Armstrong	217
Beaver	322	Blair	217
Berks	7780	Bradford	982
Bucks	1266	Butler	27
Cambria	958	Chester	1423
Cameron	3	Dauphin	1270
Carbon	688	Delaware	788
Centre	879	Forest	90
Clarion	1504	Indiana	1003
Clearfield	1766	Jefferson	17
Clinton	931	Lancaster	4123
Columbia	2403	Lawrence	661
Crawford	1360	Lebanon	1525
Cumberland	973	Philadelphia	3464
Elk	888	Snyder	427
Erie	509	Somerset	1097
Fayette	1290	Tioga	13
Franklin	833	Warren	56
Fulton	425		
Greene	1911		
Huntingdon	142		
Juniata	266		
Lehigh	2102		
Luzerne	3513		
Lackawanna	179		
Lycoming	1709		
McKean	346		
Mercer	251		
Mifflin	401		
Monroe	2229		
Montgomery	1299		
Montour	625		
Northampton	4673		
Northumberland	1178		
Pike	832		
Perry	23		
Potter	4		
Schuylkill	3188		
Sullivan	429		
Susquehanna	334		
Union	91		
Venango	311		
Washington	45		
Wayne	1379		
Westmoreland	1598		
Wyoming	434		
York	4291		
Total	59475		19772

Apparent plurality for Pattison, 39,703.

THE CHIEF LESSON.

The one great lesson of the election that stands out prominently and boldly above all others is that the people will insist on reform in government methods. This is the feeling and principle that retired the dominant party in Pennsylvania and sent our legislative roosters to the rear. The profligacy and corruption that have held high carnival at Harrisburg these many years must giev way to old-fashioned honesty and economy. The many sinecures that have been created these latter years in the senate and house for the benefit of party bummers should be speedily abolished. The favoritism and jobbery in awarding contracts must cease. In fact the legalized stealing must stop. There is no manner of doubt that Gov. Pattison will do his full duty in the interests of reform, and if the incoming legislature but read the signs of the times aright and dedicate themselves to this special work before them the fullest fruits of the recent political revolution will be realized.

THE COUNTY.

GOVERNOR.

Pattison, D.,	4179
Beaver, R.,	3299
Stewart, I. R.,	158
Armstrong, L. R.,	136
Majority for Pattison,	879

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

Black, D.,	4323
Davies, R.,	3160
Duff, I. R.,	122
Howard, L. R.,	130
Majority for Black,	1163

SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS.

Africa, D.,	4324
Greer, R.,	3175
Merrick, I. R.,	134
DeWoody, L. G.,	146
Majority for Africa,	1149

JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT.

Clark, D.,	4308
Rawle, R.,	3190
Junkin, I. R.,	117
Cake, L. R.,	121
Majority for Clark	1118

CONGRESSMAN-AT-LARGE.

Elliott, D.,	4316
Brosius, R.,	3247
M'Michael, I. R.,	100
Tomlinson, L. R.,	123
Majority for Elliott	1069

CONGRESS.

Curtin, D.,	4744
Orwig, R.,	3039
Majority for Curtin,	1702

SENATE.

Wallace, D.,	4335
Gordon, R.,	4124
Majority for Wallace,	911

ASSEMBLY.

Hunter, D.,	4051
Meyer, D.,	4313
Rhoads, R.,	3866
Spigelmyer, R.,	3162
Majority for Hunter,	186
" " Meyer,	448

JURY COMMISSIONER.

Tolbert, D.,	4237
Kunes, R.,	3512
Majority for Tolbert,	725

CORONER.

Hoy, D.,	4387
Addleman, R.,	3428
Majority for Hoy,	959
For the Sheep Law,	1741
Against the Sheep Law,	2079
Majority against the Sheep Law,	338

The Congressmen Elected

At Large, M. F. ELLIOTT. D.,

1. Henry H. Bingham, R.,
2. Charles O'Neill, R.,
3. Samuel J. Randall, D.,
4. William D. Kelly, R.,
5. Alfred C. Harmer, R.,
6. James B. Everhart, R.,
7. I. Newton Evans, R.,
8. Daniel Ermentrout, D.,
9. A. Herr Smith, R.,
10. William Muehler, D.,
11. John B. Storm, D.,
12. Daniel W. Connolly, D.,
13. Charles N. Brumm, R. G.,
14. Samuel F. Barr, R.,
15. George A. Post. D.,
16. William W. Brown, R.,
17. Jacob M. Campbell, R.,
18. Louis E. Atkinson, R.,
19. William A. Duncan, D.,
20. Andrew G. Curtin, D.,
21. Charles E. Boyle, D.,
22. James H. Hopkins, D.,
23. Thomas M. Bayne, R.,
24. George V. Lawrence, R.,
25. John D. Patton, D.,
26. Samuel H. Miller, R.,
27. S. M. Brainard, R.,

Republicans, 16; Democrats, 12. The present delegation stands: Republicans, 19; Democrats, 8.

The Next Legislature.

The Senate consists of 50 members and will stand—Republicans, 29; Democrats, 21.

Dist.		Dist.	
1.	Geo Handy Smith, R	26.	Wm M Nelson, D
2.	Jos P Kennedy, D	27.	S P Wolverton, D
3.	Jam. Gay Gordon, D	28.	J H Ross, D
4.	John J Macfarlane, R	29.	Luther R Keefer, R
5.	John E Reyburn, R	30.	Charles F. King, D
6.	Robert Adams, Jr. R	31.	C H Smiley, R
7.	John C Grady, R	32.	S C Wagner, D
8.	Benj F Hughes, R	33.	John Stewart, R
9.	Thos V. Cooper, R	34.	Wm A Wallace, D
10.	C F Vandegrift, D	35.	H A Boggs, R
11.	Edw'd H Shearer, D	36.	John M Reynolds, D
12.	W Henry Sutton, D	37.	W J McKnight, R
13.	Amos H Mylin, R	38.	John G Hall, D
14.	J M Stehman, R	39.	H P Laird, D
15.	Andrew J Herr, R	40.	Alex. Patton, D
16.	M C Henninger, D	41.	John M Greer, R
17.	C R Lantz, R	42.	Hugh McNeil, R
18.	Jerre S Hess, D	43.	John Upperman, R
19.	J C Everhart, R	44.	W F Aull, R
20.	Lewis A Watres, R	45.	M A Arnholt, R
21.	Eckley B Coxe, D	46.	F H Agnew, R
22.	John D Biddis, D	47.	G W McCracken, R
23.	Wm T Davies, R	48.	James W Lee, R
24.	W W Hart, D	49.	James Sill, R
25.	Lewis Emery, Jr., R	50.	Homer J Humes, D

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The House consists of 201 members, and will stand Republicans, 86 Democrats, 115.

"Who Struck Billy Patterson."

The question now is who did it? Who defeated Beaver and the Republican ticket? Some say Charley Wolfe did it. Others say Donk Ameron is to blame. Many are of the opinion that the Stalwart Arthur administration is at fault, while not a few think that the wicked Democrats are at the bottom of it all.

Our democratic neighbors in Union county did remarkably well by giving Pattison ninety-one majority over Beaver and electing their candidates for Assembly and Sheriff.

Philadelphia had the fairest, the most orderly and altogether the best conducted election last week in many years. No riots, no murders and no repeating—thanks to the noble reform Mayor King, his non-partison police and the Committee of One Hundred.

WHAT THE NEW GOVERNOR HAS TO SAY.

From the Philadelphia Times.

A reporter to-day met Governor-elect Pattison, of Pennsylvania, who had been to Alexandria, Va., receiving the congratulations of his mother and sister, the latter the wife of George Carlin, of that city. Senator James Gay Gordon, W. B. Smoot and Mr. Carlin accompanied Governor Pattison, who was en route for the 4.20 train to Philadelphia. "The victory," said Governor Pattison, "is one of the people over the bosses. The result in Pennsylvnia was due not so much to the Republican dissensions as to the popular demand for good government and disgust with machine rule. It is an uprising no less against the Republican than against the Democratic machine men."

"What will be the practical results in your State?"

"Simply an administrration in accord with the people; in other words, a good government and all that it means for those who have been mismanaging affairs of the State."

"How about the effect of the present victory upon the result of 1884?"

"If the Democrats meet the people of this nation and give them the administration they demand they will probably sustain the success. This will not depend entirely upon the action of the party in Congress. The States now in new Democratic harness will be watched by the people and a better government than the one that has been dismissed expected. The people are demanding good government, that's all there is about it, and the party that will give it to them will be in power hereafter."

"Was the result anything of a surprise to you?"

"I expected success. We have been working side by side with the Independents to overthrow misrule and have succeeded. The people want a return to the simplicity and economy of the early government."

"How about the management of monopolies?"

"Well, these must be interfered with only so far as they interfere with the people in their effort at self-government."

"You spoke of working with the Independents. Will that alliance be maintained in 1884?"

"There is no alliance to maintain."

"Well, supose that a candidate, hitherto Republican, should be nominated by the Democrats and Independents' how would Pennsylvania vote?"

"That is looking a little too far ahead, speculating on candieates. But if the Independents are still striving for the same end as we are, then I see no reason why we should not vote for the same candidate. Just so far as the parties meet the demands of the people will they succeed. The people will make themselves heard and felt before that time."

"How about the tariff issue in Pennsylvania?"

"Well the man who raises his hand against the industries of the state by advocating free trade had better hang a mill-stone about his neck and jump into the sea."

WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13th, 1882.

The causes of the late political defeat have formed the most interesting topic of conversation among Republican officeholders since the election, and as the absentees arrive with tail feathers draggling, each is called upon by his fellows for his opinion with relation to his own section. Some say the President did it; others that the failure of Congress to reduce taxation and the pandering to bondholders was the cause; others that the people were tired of bossism; and others still that the Republican leaders hated each other so badly that they preferred defeat by a Democrat to the victory of a fellow Republican. At all events it's done, and it can't be disputed that the Democrats won the victory.

An old lady said, when told of the nature of the first dispatches from New York and Pennsylvania, 'There, I told you youd'd see sights as soon as Arthur got his eyes and nose wiped up from weeping over Garfield," and, probably, a great many wish he had deferred the "wiping up" operation until after the election.

A Democratic Congressional victory falls like a pall over Washington. The industry of incipient desperation seizes the Department clerks, who, perhaps, imagine the fate of the party rests on the amount of labor they perform the few weeks following election.

One can but be impressed with the fact, after a walk through the fashionable portion of our city, (for it must be said in defence that Washington is not wholly devoted to the fair dames) that we will soon take the palm as *the* æsthetic city of the country. In fact the æsthetic architecture displayed by many of its last year builders, is both startling and sublime. Truly we shall soon be a beautiful city.

HOWARD.

The Farmers' Friend.

Published at South Bend, Indiana. Terms only fifty cents a year. Circulation 33,000. The largest and best agricultural paper in the country. Eight large pages, 48 columns, few advertisements and almost double the reading matter given by the $1.50 and $2 agricu tural papers but we send it to you for 50 cents a year. Premiums to every subscriber, premiums to club raisers and 232 splendid presents given them in addition, consisting of a $170 New Birdsell Clover Huller, complete, including recleaning attatchment, which cleans the seed as threshed; a $60 Cassaday Sulky Plow; a $65 Studebaker Farm Wagon; Oliver Chilled Plows, Sewing Machine, Silverware, etc. Some of the departments of the *Farmers' Friend* are "Farm Topics" "The Orchard," "Live Stock" "The Poultry Yard," "Home and Health," "Domestic Economy," "Young Folks," "The Puzzler," "The Story Teller," "The Funny Place," "Sunday Reading," "The Clover Leaf," "The Apiary," "Letter Basket," "Various Topics," "Correspondence," "Hints for the Season," "World' Record," etc. Practical farmers and the best writers contribute to it. Agents make money canvassing for it. Any subscriber authorized to act as agent. Send 50 cents for a year's subscription, or write your name and those of your neighbors on a postal card for free sample copies and our Illustrated Premium List. Address, Farmers' Friend Pub. Co., South Bend, Ind.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of John Hess, late of Haines township, Centre county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

MICHAEL S. FIEDLER, Executor.

6t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Samuel Albright, late of the Borough of Millheim, Centre county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons Knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for payment.

All persons having unsettled accounts with the estate are requested to meet me at the late residence of decedent on Saturday, October 21st instant, for settlement.

ANDREW J. ALBRIGHT. Administrator.

Tylersville, Clinton Co. Pa.

Oct. 12 th. 1882 6t

EXECUTORS' SALE.—There will be exposed to public sale on the premises, one mile north of Woodward, on Tuesday, November 28th, 1882, the following valuable real estate of Thomas Hosterman, deceased, viz;

5 Acres of land adjoining lands of T. W. & C. W. Hosterman, and Wm. Hinkson. Thereon erected a fine dwelling house, large stable and other out buildings. Also

5 Acres of land adjoining lands of T. W. Hosterman, Wm. Hinkson and Henry Vonada. Also

125 Arres of timber land, adjoining lands of T. W. & C. W. Hosterman and John Hess. Also

76 Acres of timber land, adjoining lands of Jacob Neidigh & others. Thereon erected a saw mill on Pine creek, with good water power.

TERMS: One half of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale, the other half in one year thereafter, and to be secured by bond and mortgage.

Persons desiring to see these lands can apply to T. W. Hosterman on the premises.

Sale to commence at one o'clock of said day.

T. W HOSTERMAN
C. W. HOSTERMAN,
Executors.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By an order issued by the Orphans' Court of Centre Co. the subscriber will offer at public sale on the premises at Coburn on

SATURDAY, Nov. 18th, 1882,

all that certain lot containing one-fourth acre more or less, bounded on the west by lands of Jacob Witmyer, and on the north, east and south by lands of Benj. Kerstetter, being the property of Daniel S. Kerstetter, deceased. Thereon erected a good, new dwelling house, and other outbuildings. Sale to begin at one o'clock.

TERMS OF SALE: One half on confirmation of sale, and balance in one year with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises. BENJAMIN KERSTETTER, Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of John Keen, late of the Borough of Millheim, deceased, haeme been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims, to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

HENRY KEEN, Administrator.

6t

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE MOUNTAIN LAND.—The undersigned has been appointed by the heirs of George and John Wolf, Henry Stover and other owners, to sell all that CERTAIN TRACT OF MOUNTAIN LAND, situate about one mile north east from Aaronsburg, adjoining lands of Wm. Condo, Daniel Lenker, Joseph Holloway, Jacyb Wolf, George Bright, F. J. Weaver, Enoch Kreamer and others, known as the Stover & Wolf tract, containing about one hundred and seventy acres.

Sale in Millheim on Saturday, December 16th, next, at one o'clock, P. M., when terms will be made known by JONATHAN HARTER.

STRAY NOTICE.—A red heifer, aged about one year, with hole in right ear, came to the premises of the suberiber in Miles township, on or about the 15th day of Aug. last. The owner is requested to pay charges and take the same away.

WILLIAM KREAMER, 2m.

STRAY NOTICE.—Came to the residence of the subscriber in Miles township, on or about the 15th of Sept. last, a steer about two years old, reddish yellow color, white along belley, with cut in right ear. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take the same away, otherwise it will be disposed of according to law.

U. S. SHAFER.

Oct. 26. 1881 3m.

NOTICE.—All persons are hereby cautioned against meddling with the articles below mentioned, which I purchased at constable's sale as the property of John Zeigler, and will leave in his posession at my pleasure. Viz: One hayrake, one cornplanter, one corn scraper, one plow, one harrow, one 2 horse wagon, one spring wagon, one sett harness, two setts horse gears, two cows, thirteen pigs, six hogs, two horses, hay, oats, grain in the ground, about 12 acres of corn, house hold goods, together with all said John Zeigler's personal property.

JOHN OSWALT,

Gregg township, Oct. 21st 1882 3t

PATENTS

We continue to act as Solicitors for Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, Copyrights, etc., for the United States, Canada, Cuba, England, France, Germany, etc. We have had **thirty-five years' experience.**

Patents obtained through us are noticed in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN. This large and splendid illustrated weekly paper, **$3.20** a year, shows the Progress of Science, is very interesting, and has an enormous circulation. Address MUNN & CO., Patent Solicitors, Pub's. of SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, 37 Park Row, New York. Hand book about Patents free.

Lewisburg and Tyrone Railroad Time Table.

LEAVE WESTWARD.

	1	3	5	7	9
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Montandon	7 05	9.40	2.05	6.00	7.55
Lewisburg	7.25	10 05	2.20		
Fair Ground	7 30	10.13	2.25		
Biehl	7.40	10.27	2.35		
Vicksburg	7.45	10.36	2.40		
Mifflinburg	8.00 ar	11.00 ar	2.55 lc.	3 05	
Millmont	8.22		3.28		
Laurelton	8.33		3.40		
Wiker Run	8.57		4.06		
Cherry Run	9.15		4.25		
Fowler	9.35		4.47		
Coburn	9.48		5.00		
Spring Mills	ar 10.15		ar. 5.30		

LEAVE EASTWARD.

	2	4	6	8	10
		A. M.		P. M.	
Spring Mills		5.50		1.50	
Coburn		6.18		2.20	
Fowler		6.23		2.33	
Cherry Run		6.48		2.55	
Wiker Run		7.05		3.15	
Laurelton		7.30		3.40	
Millmont		7.40		3.52	
			A. M.		
Mifflinburg		8.00	11.45	4.15	
			P. M.		
Vicksburg		8.15	12.10	4.32	
Biehl		8.20	12.17	4.38	
Fair Ground	A. M.	8.30	12.33	4.48	P. M.
Lewisburg	6.35	8.45	12.50	5.10	7.30
Montandon	ar. 6.45	ar. 9.00	ar 1.05	ar. 5.20	ar 7.40

Nos. 1 and 2 connect at Montandon with Erie Mail West; 3 and 4 with Sea Shore Express East; 5 and 6 with Day Express and Niagara Express West; 7 and 8 with Fast Line West; 9 and 10 with Williamsport Accommodation East.

Official Announcement.

Change of Time on Phila. & Erie R. R.

JUNE 5, 1882.

Sea Shore Express leaves Montandon at 9.07 A. M., stopping at intermediate stations, arriving at Harrisburg 11.40 A. M., Philadelphia 3.20 P. M., New York 6 25 P. M., making close connection at Philadelphia for all sea shore points.

Day Express leaves Montandon at 1.30 P. M., stopping at principal stations, arriving at Harrisburg 3.55 P. M., Philadelphia 7.35 P. M., New York 10.35 P. M., Baltimore 7.30 P. M., Washington 8.47 P. M. Parlor Car through to Philadelphia.

Williamsport Accommodation leaves Montandon at 7.48 P. M., stopping at intermediate stations, arriving at Harrisburg 10.25, Philadelphia 2.55 A. M., New York 6.15 A. M. Sleeping car accommodations can be secured on this train at Harrisburg for Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 A. M.

Erie Mail and Fast Line East will be consolidated into one train, leaving Montandon at 1.39 A. M., stopping at principal stations, arriving at Harrisburg 4.05 A. M., Philadelphia 7 20 A. M., New York 10.25 A. M., Baltimore 7.40 A. M., Washington 9.02 A. M. Through sleeping cars will be run on this train to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

WESTWARD.

Erie Mail leaves Montandon at 6.52 A. M., for Erie and intermediate points, Canandaigua and intermediate points.

Niagara Express leaves Montandon at 2.00 P. M., for Kane and intermediate points, Canandaigua and intermediate points.

Fast Line leaves Montandon at 5.50 P. M., for Lock Haven and intermediate points, Watkins and intermediate points.

TUTT'S PILLS

A NOTED DIVINE SAYS:

DR. TUTT:—*Dear Sir:* For ten years I have been a martyr to Dyspepsia, Constipation and Piles. Last spring your pills were recommended to me; I used them (but with little faith). I am now a well man, have good appetite, digestion perfect, regular stools, piles gone, and I have gained forty pounds solid flesh. They are worth their weight in gold.

Rev. R. L. SIMPSON, Louisville, Ky.

SYMPTOMS OF

A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of Appetite, Nausea, Bowels costive, Pain in the Head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder blade, Fulness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, Loss of memory, with a feeling of having neglected something, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering of the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellow Skin, Headache, Restlessness at night, Highly colored Urine.

IF THESE WARNINGS ARE UNHEEDED SERIOUS DISEASES WILL BE DEVELOPED.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer.

Try this remedy fairly, and you will soon have a healthy Digestion, Vigorous Body, Pure Blood, Strong Nerves, and a Sound Liver. Price, 25 Cents.

Office, 35 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

Grey Hair and Whiskers changed to a Glossy Black by a single application of this Dye. It imparts a natural color, acts Instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1.

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PATENTS

ESTABLISHED 1846

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NEW YORK

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FIRST QUALITY

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Letter Presses,

WAREHOUSE TRUCKS,

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Bee Hive

Lock Haven, a.

FIRST GOODS

FOR THE

FALL SEASON FOR 1882.

We have now what we think the Largest and Most Attractive Stock of

DRY GOODS

Ever brought to this city and are now better prepared to show you than we ever were before, owing to the fifty-foot extension put to our store. It gives us much more room to show our goods, more satisfactory to ourselves and to our customers. Now we don't want to annoy you with a long advertisement, but will give you some few points worth knowing and it will be worth your time when in Lock Haven to call and see our goods, whether you wish to buy or not.

DRESSGOODS.

In this we can safely say that there never was such a stock brought to this city as we have now to show you; as fine as any house in Philadelphia. The assortment is not quite so large, this we will admit, but we have the new things and that is all we want.

PLUSHES AND VELVETS

Are the rage this Fall and they are indeed very pretty. We have them in all the new shades and as low in price as you will find them in Philadelphia or New York.

Brocade Velvets in all shades,

Brocade Plushes in all shades,

Stripe Velvets in all shades,

Stripe Satin Ottoman.

Plain atin Ottoman.

EMBROIDERED DRESSES FROM $25 TO $42.

Together with these we have Plain Plushes. Plain Colored Velvets, $1.25 and $2.50. Black Velvets, $1.25, $2.50, $3.50, $4.25 and $5.00. Together with all these fine goods we have Plain Suitings, Stripe Suitings, Plain Flannel Suitings, with Braids in all colors to match. We will say again we can certainly show you a fine line of goods and can suit any customer from the lowest to the very best goods in the market; all we ask is an examination. Now, we have already taken up considerable space for our **DRESS GOODS;** we have not much room to say much about other goods, but we have them and at prices that are as low as any one can possibly sell them, and the advantage you have by buying from us, you will have so much more to select from. Our.

Flannel and Underwear

DEPARTMENTS

Have never been so well stocked as this season. We bought these goods in large quantities, as last Winter, you know, was not very cold and we have every reason to believe that this will be a severe one. In view of this we bought largely in these goods and can sell you better goods for less money than any other house in the city. Particular attention is called to a **RED TWILL FLANNEL,** extra heavy, at 37½cts. A Ladies' Scarlet Vest $1 75. Gents Scarlet Shirt and Drawers 98cts. a piece. Gents' Scarlet Shirts and Drawers $1.75 a piece, and the big drive in a

LADIES' WHITE VEST

AT 50 CENTS,

We could keep on naming a great many goods yet, but space will not permit. All we ask is to come and see for yourself and be convinced that all we have told you is true.

BEE HIVE STORE

13 MAIN STREET, LOCK HAVEN,

J. F. EVERETT & CO.

The Millheim Journal.

THURSDAY, NOV. 9., 1882.

DEININGER & BUMILLER,
Editors and Proprietors.

Local Department.

—*Please bring that wood.*

—The season of sausage and *pon hoss* is at hand.

—Court begins next week and will continue for three weeks in succession.

—A good town property at private sale. Inquire at this office. tf.

—Mr. Wm. Kerstetter is building a bay window and making other improvements to his dwelling.

—John W. Luse, after an absence of some months in Crawford county, is back again brisk and lively as ever.

—Look out for the chap who sells carpet by sample. Don't buy any, don't sign any paper.

—The election is now overand the result all that could be desired. Now for work and business.

—All kinds of leather sold and all kinds of hides bought, by A. J. Harter at Musser's Tannery, Millheim, Pa. tf

—The Republican papers are not exactly overjoyed about the result of the election. But these chaps are like spoiled children, a little hard to please.

—At the regular meeting of the M. B.&L. Association on Monday evening money sold for twentyand seven eighth per cent. premium for permanent loan.

—This week for the first time Old Winter gives notice that he is still about. The gruff old buffer may give us many a severe shaking before he will let up on us for a season.

—M.S. Fiedler, executor, will make sale of the property of John Hess, dec'd, Tuesday Nov. 21st. A good lot of household goods will be sold. See bills.

—Have any of our farmer patrons a few bushels of apples to spare for the poor printer? "Whoever giveth to the poor lendeth to the Lord"—or words to that effect.

—The estate of John D. Foote still has a number of Keystone Cultivators on hand which will be sold out cheap and upon reasonable terms. Apply to
P. T. MUSSER,
3t Administrator

—A stage line has been established between Mifflinburg and New Berlin. This is a great convenience to New Berlin, whose mail matter and public travel had all to go around by Northumberland.

—The Journal Store is just turning into a full sized Book & Stationery store, and the stock of notions, such as hosiery, gloves, handkerchiefs, collars, Germantown wool, zephyr, underclothing, neckties, &c., will be sold out *very* cheap. Come and buy.

—If the winter just ahead of us will prove nearly as cold as is predicted we will need from 15 to 20 cords of wood to supply two families. Now, whoever of our patrons has more wood than cash may bring wood, the sooner the better, until we "holler" *enough*. tf.

NEW OYSTER SALOON.—D.I. Brown has opened rooms in his dwelling where ladies and gentlemen will be served with the best and freshest oysters done up in the every form and best style. Families supplied by the quart or gallon. A share of patronage respectfully solicited. 2t

Inventors and Patentees

should send for instructions, reasonable terms, references, &c., to Edson Brothers, Solicitors of Patents, Washington, D. C. who furnish the same *without charge*. Edson Brothers is a well known and successful firm of large experience, having been established in 1866. tf

—The election is over and people will again be obliged to give due attention to the ordinary duties and wants of life, chief among which are the ever-recurring questions of what to eat and what to wear. Fortunately the latter question can be solved easily enough. Lewin, the boss clothier, can help you out of that trouble nicely. For a small amount of cash he will rig you out from head to foot in best style. His overcoats especially are indeed really fine and very cheap. You may need one any day, winter is squarely before your door. Don't delay to call on Lewin for good and cheap clothing. 2t

—In looking over the election returns of Union county we were much gratified to see that our young friend John F. Duncan. Esq., son of our former townsman, Hon. W. C. Duncan, is not only elected District Attorney of Union county, but that he has the biggest majority of them all. This is the more flattering to Mr. Duncan's social and professional standing, because he isa pronounced Beaver man in the strongest "independent" county in the state, and in a year when elections almost everywhere go *helter skelter* and no candidate could feel safe on a mere party majority. We knew Jonny ever since he was knee high to a grass hopper, and feel proud of our former pupil.

—With the assistance of two clerks we took the census of Millheim, the other day. It was on enormous job and the figures swell up to a grand total of 572. We could easily *say* it is about three or four thousand as the manner of some is when speaking of such things, but we have too much respect for the story of Washington and his little hatchet.

SETTLEMENT NOTICE.—All persons knowing themselves indebted to or who have unsettled accounts with the estate of John D. Foote, dec'd, will save themselves expenses and trouble by calling with the undersigned and settling up. I will remain at my home at Aaronsburg for four successive Saturdays next ensuig to accommodate those interested.
P. T. MUSSER,
3t Administrator.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from active practice having had placed in his hands by an East Indiana Missionary the formula of a simply vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma, and all Throat and Lung affections also a positive and radical cure for General Debility and all nervous complaints after having thoroughly tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, feels it is his duty to make it known to his fellows. The recipe, with full particulars, directions for preparation and use, and all necessary advice and instructions for successful treatment at your own home will be received by you by return mail, free of charge, by addressing with stamp or stamped self addressed envelope to
DR. J. C. RAYMOND.
164 Washington Street, Brooklyn, N Y

BELLEFONTE REJOICES.

Celebrating the Democratic Victory and Condoling With General Beaver.

BELLEFONTE November 12.

The Democrats of Centre county held their jollification meeting here last night. Three thousand people were present and the town was handsomely illuminated and decorated. There was a large torch-light parade and afterwards a mass meeting in the Court House. Addresses were delived by Ex-Governor Curtin, Senator Alexander, J. L. Spangler and others. All expressed their personal regrets at General Beaver's failure, but rejoiced at the success of the Democratic party at large. Colonel D. H. Hastings, chairman of the Republican county committee, was noticed in the audience and loudly called on for a speech. He responded, saying that while the Democracy rejoiced at their victory in many States, there was not a man present who did not regret the defeat of General Beaver. He declared that General Beaver was stronger in Centre county than ever before, because of his manly campaign and the heroic manner in which he took the defeat. These Sentiments were loudly applauded. At the conclusion of the Court House meeting the crowd headed by Major R. H. Forster, chairman of the Democratic county committee, and a brass band, repaired to the residence of General Beaver and tendered him in a serenade. Major Forster and J. L. Spangler made addresses. General Beaver acknowledged the compliment in a happy speech, that was loudly applauded.

News Miscellany.

MURDER AT RENOVA. The other Saturday near Renova Gustav Pipher shot and instantly killed Thomas Miller. Pipher fled but was apprehended later in a freight car near Williamsport and is now in the Clinton county jail awaiting trial.

John Wannamaker, the enterprising Philadelphia merchant, recently bought a number of lots in South Renova, Clinton Co., on which to erect manufacturing establishments and dwelling houses.

Newspaper business is looking up in Altoona. The editor of the Times was knocked down and kicked in the ribs, and the editor of the Call locked himself in a room for twenty-four hours to pevent a bold, bad man from vaccinating him with a shot gun.

S. Davis Page is talked of as Pattison's successor to the Controllership of Philadelphia.

On Monday last, William Weimer, son of John M. Weimer, of Lewistown, whilst in the woods after wild turkeys, was mistaken by another hunter for a wild turkey and he shot him in the right breast. Mr. Weimer is lying in a critical condition. The hunter observed a dark object in the woods, taking it to be a turkey, shot with the above result.—*Ex.*

An Alabama Man With a Record.

It is stated that John Holmes, of Morgan county, has raised 11 children seven boys and four girls; that he has 73 grandchildren, 43 boys and 30 girls, and 30 great-grandchildren. And further, that he is 79 years old, weighs 300 pounds and has killed 1,500 deer and 1 bear. The entire family, excepting one live in Morgan county. All the older ones belong to the Missionary Baptist Church and the men all vote the Democratic ticket.

MARRIED.

On the 7th inst., at the residence of Mr. Charles Hennich, Spring Mills, by Rev. John Tomlinson, Mr. Cornelius Mussea to Miss Catharine S. Haines.

On the 12th iLst., at the Lutheran parsonage, Rebersburg, by Rev. A. K. Zimmerman, Mr. Edward A. Glontz, of Jefferson Co., and Miss Orpha Cooney, of Tylersville, Clinton Co., Pa.

THE
Journal Store
TO ITS MANY
Friends and Patrons—Greeting!

We have greatly enlarged our stock and now have a full line of
BLANK BOOKS,
LEDGERS,
DAY BOOKS,
BLOTTERS,
BUTCHER BOOKS,
DUPLICATES,
MEMORANDAS.

ALSO

Fine Family Bibles,
Presentation Bibles,
Sunday S. Bibles.

SCHOOL BOOKS,
DICTIONARIES,
SLATES,
School Satchels and
STRAPS.

Beautiful Papeterie Boxes, Fine Writing Paper, Envelopes of every grade & price, Large Line of Pencils, Penholders and PENS.

PHOTOGRAPH & AUTOGRAPH ALBUMS,
Ladies' Promenade Satchels, Beautiful Shell Boxes, Ladys' Purses
Fine Velvet Frames
SCRAP BOOKS AND PICTURES.

Holiday Birthday S. S. School CARDS CARDS CARDS

TOYS,
TOY BOOKS,
TOYTEASETS,
Variety of Toys.

DOLLS!

Paper and Envelopes we make a speciality.
Sunday School Requisites and all the publications of the American S. S. Union at catalogue prices.
Remember that we are Headquarters for BOOKS and STATIONERY and especially for

HOLIDAYGOODS!

Millheim Market.

Corrected every Wednesday

Wheat, old,	95
" new, No. 2	90
" " No. 3	80
Corn	75
Rye	70
Oats White	40
Buckwheat	
Flour	5.00
Bran & Shorts, per ton	25 00
Salt, per Brl	1.75
Plaster, ground	9.00
Cement, per Bushel	45 to 55
Barley	50
Tymothyseed	1.75
Flaxseed	
Cloverseed	
Butter	25
Hams	16
Sides	12
Veal	
Pork	
Beef	
Eggs	25
Potatoes	40
Lard	12
Tallow	
Soap	6
Dried Apples	
Dried Peaches	
Dried Cherries	

COAL MARKET AT COBURN.

Egg Coal	$5.00
Stove "	5.25
Chestnut "	5.00
Pea	3.50
Pea by the car load	3.20

Fifty cents per ton additional when delivered in Millheim.

St. Elmo Hotel
Nos. 317 & 319 ARCH ST.,
PHILADELPHIA.
RATES REDUCED TO $2.00 PER DAY.

The traveling public will still find at this Hotel the same liberal provision for their comfort. It is located in the immediate centres of business and places of amusement and the different Rail-Road depots, as well as all parts of the city, are easily accessible by Street Cars constantly passing the doors. It offers special inducements to those visiting the city for business or pleasure.
Your patronage respectfully solicited.
Jos. M. Feger, Proprietor.

C. A. STURGIS. P. H. MUSSER.
"TIME IS MONEY!"

Sturgis & Musser's
JEWELRY STORE
keeps a full line of
Watches, Clocks, Necklaces, Watch Chains, Cuff & Collar Buttons, Rings, Plated Castors, Spoons, Knives and Forks, Gold Penns and Holders,
ALL AT THE LOWEST PRICE.

All repair work guaranteed. Every watch registered when brought to the store. The public's patronage respectfully solicited.
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P. H. STOVER,
—DEALER IN—
Clover Seed,
Flour & Feed,
Coa,
Plaster & Salt.
COBURN, PA.

☞HIGHEST MARKET PRICE ALWAYS PAID.

☞A full supply of Coal, Plaster and Salt always on hand and sold at the lowest price

☞Coal kept under roof at all seasons of the year.

☞The public patronage respectfully solicited. 39 ly

DR. J. W. STAM
is now permanently located at
Millheim,
and will give prompt attention to all medical calls at his office on
Main Street.

Try DR. STAM'S SPECIFIC PILE MEDICINE—it gives instant relief.

PAYNE'S FARM ENGINES.

Vertical & Spark-Arresting Engines from 2 to 12 horse-power, mounted or unmounted. Best and Cheapest Engines made. $150 upwards. Send for Illustrated Catalogue U for information and price to
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Box 846, Corning, N. Y.

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Half a square south of the L. & T. R. R. Depot,
LEWISBURG, PA.

New and commodious Building; Equipped in all departments with entirely new Furniture.
No efforts spared to make the BAKER HOUSE a pleasant, comfortable Home to all guests.
An excellent Livery attached.
W. N. BAKER, Proprietor.

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The celebrated Washington Vein of
ROOFING SLATES
for Roofs, &c., from the famous SLATE QUARRIES OF SLATINTON, LEHIGH CO., PENNA.
Can Now Be Bought
AT THE MOST REASONABLE RATES
of the undersigned who is a practical Slate Roofer of many years experience Those in want of Slate and Roofing done can secure it
At The Lowest Rates.

Old buildings re-roofed at the lowest rates, without the assistance of other mechanics. For prices and terms call on or write to the undersigned at H. K. WHITMAN'S RESIDENCE,
Broadway Street, near P. & E. Depot,
MILTON, PA.
DUAN NEFF, Agent.

SUMMERRESORT
SPRING MILLS HOUSE,
SPRING MILLS, CENTRE COUNTY, PA.,
TERMINUS OF THE
LEWISBURG & TYRONE R. R.
AND SIX MILES FROM HILLHEIM.

This is a new house and newly furnished *with everything tending to comfort and convenience of guests.* The air is invigorating and perfectly free from *malaria*, and *particularly* favorable for the *restoration to health of persons afflicted with Pulmonary complaints, Malarial disorders and Hay Fever.* Near by the celebrated Penn Caves, surpassing anything of the kind known—sailing miles under ground—and inspecting halls of great wonder of *gone by ages.* Carriages to the cave daily. The table is plentifully supplied with meats, milk and fresh vegetables and fruits in season, *healthfully prepared* and *tastefully served.* Good stabling accommodations.
POPULAR PRICES:

Per day, (less than a week,)	$ 2 00
Per week, (less than a month)	6 00
Per month	20 00

All inquiry as to Rooms and Board will be promptly answered.
GEO. B. NASH, Manager.

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When in want of a pair of Boots, Shoes or Rubbers send to
KAMP'S
in Lock Haven and you can get them as low as in Philadelphia, New York, or any other place. If they don't suit you you can return them and get your money back. First rate goods at low prices, is my motto.
JACOB KAMP.
To Country dealers, I will sell at wholesale prices, freight added.

BUY THE BEST.
POST & CO'S
AMERICAN STUDENT LAMP.

GUARANTEED THE BEST.
STRONG, STEADY LIGHT.
SIX TIMES CHEAPER THAN GAS. By long Experience we are enabled to make the *BEST STUDENT LAMP MADE,* and the *ONLY* one that raises and lowers the wick as shown in cut. Fully covered by letters patent. Price, Nickel Plated, $5.00. Liberal Discounts to the Trade. Send for Catalogue.
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Manufacturers and Patentees,
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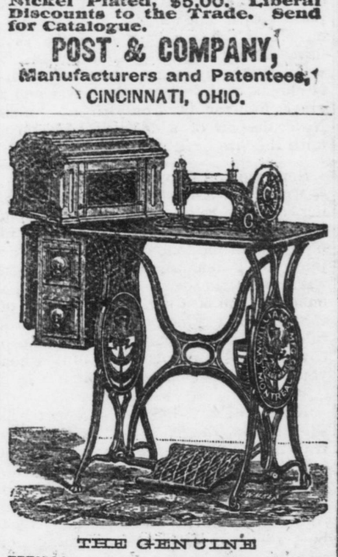

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Williams Sewing Machines
ARE ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD
They have received highest Awards at the Centennial and at all other leading Exhibitions held in Europe and America.
EVERY MACHINE WARRANTED BY THE MAKERS.
Factories located at Montreal, Canada, and Plattsburg, New York.
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The Standard Piano of the World.
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Cabinet Organs.
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☞Specimens sent gratis, if written for, to get up clubs with.

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FALL & WINTER MILLINERY GOODS
AT
Anna M. Weaver's.

I have now in stock a complete line of
TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED HATS & BONNETS,
AT THE
LOWEST PRICES.
ANNA M. WEAVER,
Penn Street, opposite Hartman's Foundry, MILLHEIM, PENNA.

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SIMON BROTHERS,
THE BOSS CLOTHIERS
for your Clothing.
45 MAIN STREET,
LOCK HAVEN.

A. SIMON & SONS,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERS,
keep the largest stock in the city.
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LOCK HAVEN.

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GET YOUR JOB PRINTING DONE AT THE JOURNAL OFFICE.
Prompt and fine work at reasonable rates.

A FATAL MISTAKE.

HOW A BLUNDERING JUDGEMENT MAY BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE MOST SERIOUS RESULTS,

Mr. Edwin Booth said recently that he supposed his lungs were affected. having a persistent cough until he saw Dr. Mackenzie, of London, who found that his symptom arose from a disturbance of the liver.—*N. Y. Herald.*

The above item, which has been going the rounds of the Press, is of no special significance other than to the personal friends of Mr. Booth, except that it brings to light a truth of the greatest importance to the world. Few people pass through life without the affliction of a cough at some point in their career. In most cases this is considered the result of a cold or the beginning of consumption, and thousands have become terrified at this revelation and have sought by a change of air and the use of cough medicines to avert the impending disaster. It may safely be said that more than half the coughs which are afflicting the world to-day do not have their origin in the lungs but are the result of more serious troubles in other organs of the body. "Liver coughs" are exceedingly common and yet are almost wholly misunderstood. Arising from a disordered state of the liver they show their results by congesting the lungs. In fact, the efforts of the liver to throw off the disease, produce coughing even when the lungs themselves are in a healthy state.

But it is a mistake to suppose that such delicate tissues as the lungs can long remain in a healthy condition when they are being constantly agitated by coughing. Such a theory would be absurd. Consumption, which was feared at first, is certain to take place unless something is done to check the cause. This must be plain to every thoughtful mind. It stands to reason, therefore, that the only way in which "liver coughs" can be removed is by restoring the liver to health,

In this connection, another fact of great importance becomes known, which can best be explained by the relation of an actual event. Mr. W——, a wealthy cattle dealer of Colorado, became greatly reduced in health and came east to Chicago for the purpose of being cured. He consulted Dr. J——, one of the leading physicians of the country on pulmonic subjects and began treatment for the cure of his lungs. But his cough increased while his strength decreased. Finally he determined to consult another physician and applied to Dr. B——. After a careful examination he was informed that his lungs was perfectly sound, while his kidneys were in a most terrible condition. He had all the apparent symptoms of consumption but he was suffering from the terrible Bright's disease. The symptoms of consumption are often the sure indication of Bright's disease.

The above truths regarding coughs have been known by the leading physicians for several years but the public have never been informed of them. They are serious facts, however, and should be understood by all, so that dangers which might otherwise prove fatal may be avoided. They clearly prove one great truth which is, that the kidneys and liver are such vital organs that their health should be constantly guarded. The distressing, hacking cough, which is often dreaded as the forerunner of consumption and the wasting strength which accompanies it, in all probability may arise from weakened or diseased kidneys or liver, to restore which would cause returning health. How this most desirable end may be attained has long been a problem, but few people of intelligence at the present day have longer any doubts that the popular remedy known as Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver cure has done more to correct, relieve and restore these organs than any other preparation ever before known. There are hundreds of instances which have occurred within the past three months where individuals have believed themselves the victims of consumption, when, in reality it was deranged kidneys and liver which this remarkable medicine has completely cured, as witness the following statement:

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 6, 1882.—I believe it to be a fact that thousands of cases of so-called consumption can be successfully treated by simply using Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver cure as directed. I was one of the "given up to die" persons—had every symptom of the last stage of consumption—bad cough of four years standing, night sweats, chills, etc. etc. A season South did no good, and the fact was the case looked discouraging. I took Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure, and in three months I regained over twenty pounds, and my health was fully restored.

W. C. BEACH,
Foreman Buffalo Rubber Type Foundry.

There are thousands of people in America to-day who believe they are the victims of consumption and destined to an early grave and who are trying to save themselves by the use of consumption cures but are growing worse each hour. Let all such persons stop, and calmly consider whether they are not seeking to check a disease in the lungs when it is located in the kidneys and liver. Let them then treat the disease in its original stronghold and by the remedy which has proven to be the most effective and then look for the return of health and happiness which such treatment is sure to bring.

It is not generally known that boiled carrots, when properly prepared, form an excellent substitute for eggs in puddings. They must, for this purpose, be boiled and mashed, and passed through a coarse cloth or hair sieve strainer. The pulp is then introduced among the other ingredients of the pudding, to the total omission of eggs. A pudding made up in this way is much lighter than where eggs are used, and is much more palatable.

HERMITS.—Two eggs, one and one-half cups sugar, two-thirds cup butter or lard, one cup currants, one teaspoon each of cloves, nutmeg and cinnamon, one teaspoon of soda. Roll out like cookies. Roll the currants in flour to prevent their sinking. Sprinkle sugar on top before baking.

DARK CAKE.—Three eggs, two cups of sugar, one cup of butter, one cup of milk. If the milk is sour, leave out cream of tartar; one teaspoonful soda, two teaspoonfuls of cream of tartar; three and one-half cups of flour, one teaspoonful different spices, two cups of raisins, one of the cups chopped fine.

GEMS.—One pint milk, two eggs, one pinch salt; flour enough to make a good batter; bake in little pans in hot oven.

QUEEN'S CAKE.—One pound of flour, one pound of sugar, one pound of butter, eight eggs. Beat separately; add essence of lemon.

A Connecticut mechanic has made a trial of rotary files for finishing planed surfaces. He is of the opinion that quicker and truer work can be done with these than with hand files, and than that the surface is in better shape for trueing with the scraper. His experiments have been confined to the planer; but he believes that his device may be properly and economically adapted to the lathe and milling machine.

AGRICULTURE.

PROPERTIES OF CHARCOAL.—As a top dressing for a meadow or a lawn it is excellent. It is so good an absorbent of moisture and grasses that it will keep a lawn green in a drought when the undressed fields are brown and parched. As a basis for compost there is nothing superior. Every good housewife knows that if she has any tainted meat charcoal will take out its taints if anything can. A piece as big as one's fist put into the pot with boiling corned beef that has passed its prime will absorb the bad odors and restore it to sweetness if the putrefaction process has not gone too far. In like manner charcoal acts in the compost heap. An effluvia even from a dead horse, will be absorbed and stored up for the use of corn, grass or any crop to which it may be applied. As a top dressing for grass or grain it is particularly beneficial, as when the rich gases have once been extracted it is in a position to absorb more from the dews, snows and rains. Ploughed under a thick sod its absorbing power is comparatively limited. We must not omit to mention the aerating effect which fine charcoal has on stiff clay lands. It renders them friable and permeable to air and moisture—a result which can hardly be overestimated. Muck has something of the same effect, but muck does not last as does charcoal. On sandy lands charcoal does good, as it is such an absorbent of moisture that thin lands dressed with it will remain fresh when the undressed are parched. The only place where charcoal seems to exert little or no ameliorating influence is on low, cold, wet lands, and here even stable manure has comparatively little effect.

UTILISE YOUR BONES.—Not the bones of your own body, merely, but any and all bones, beef and mutton and chicken, and even fish bones. The *American Garden* says they constitute the very best food for fruit-trees and grape vines if the fragments are only placed where the roots can lay hold on them, and adds: "Instead of allowing pieces of bone to be cast into the back-yard, as food for stray dogs and strange cats, domestics should be directed to deposit everything of the sort in a small tub provided with a lid. As soon as a few pounds have accumulated we take the tub to some grape vine or fruit tree, dig a hole three or more feet long, a foot or two wide, and less than a foot deep, into which the bones are dumped; spread over the bottom of the excavation, and cover with the soil. The more the fragments can be spread around, the better. But they should be buried so deep that a plow or spade will not reach them. The roots of growing vines or fruit trees will soon find the valuable mine of rich fertility, and will feed on the elements that will greatly promote the growth of strong and healthy wood and the development of fair and luscious fruit."

CLEAN CIDER BARRELS.—Cider making is now close at hand, and old barrels must have become very mouldy and wholly unfit to use without a thorough fumigation. A scientific journal gives the following receipts for effecting this, which we hope may do. "To clean cider barrels, pour in lime water, and then insert a trace chain through the bung-hole, remembering to fasten a strong cord on the chain so as to pull it out again. Shake the barrel until all the mould, inside is rubbed off. Rinse with water, and finally pour in a little whisky." This is simple enough and would seem to meet the requirements. Really fine cider cannot be expected when the barrels are not perfectly sweet and clean. But if any of our cider-makers have a better or other methods than this, we shall be pleased to find them; and to be of use this season they should be communicated at once.

FATTENING SMALL PIGS.—Corn at seventy cents a bushel is still the cheapest fattening food for pigs; but when corn is so dear it is best to study the most economical manner of feeding; corn in the ear boiled with small potatoes, will be worth twice as much dry as corn and raw potatoes. Indeed raw potatoes will scarcely do more than support life, and may often be injurious, being indigestible and drastic, in their effects upon the bowels. Corn-meal boiled to a thick mush and mixed with skim milk and fed when nearly cold, will make the cheapest pork. A bushel of corn fed in this way has made twenty-four pounds of pork. Corn meal steeped in water is about as good as boiled whole corn and the latter is the cheaper of the two. Pigs do not thrive well upon warm feed, and they do better with four light meals a day than with two heavy ones.

A LADY, writing to an exchange, says: Never give up a choice but decaying rosebush till you have tried watering it two or three times with soot tea. Take soot from a chimney or stove with which wood is burned and make a tea of it. When cold, water the rosebush with it. When all is used pour boiling water a second time on the soot. The shrub will quickly send out thrifty shoots, the leaves will become large and thick and the blossoms will be larger and more richly tinted than before. To keep the plants clear of insects syringe them with quassia tea. Quassia chips can be obtained from the apothecaries.

TURNIPS.—When turnips placed in the cellar begin to sprout they are usually thrown away, but a bushel of turnips will furnish a family with salad all winter, and very good one if properly prepared. Place the bushel of turnips in a dark, warm cellar to sprout, and when the sprouts are three or four inches long cut them off, pick the leaves from the stems and pour on hot water a moment; place the sprouts in the colander to drain off all the water, and send to table with a plain dressing poured over them.

EVERY farmer who has to contend with stony land will thank us for saying that when the small ones are to be picked two men with dung forks will do more work, and do its easier, than four will with their hands. We got the idea from an exchange, and put it into practical execution the other day, to our own advantage and the great gratification of the men we put at the job.

SPRUCE butter tubs are the best; while hemlock makes a sweet tub; acids from the oak color the butter and injure its appearance; white ash gives the butter a strong flavor if kept long and increases the liability to mould; maple smells and cracks badly. Soak all tubs four to six days in brine before using.

GIVE fattening cattle as much as they will eat, and often—five times a day. Never give rapid changes of food, but change often. A good guide for a safe quantity of grain per day to maturing cattle is 1 pound to every hundred of their weight; thus an animal weighing one thousand may receive ten pounds.

OVER $8 000 000 worth of cotton-seed meal is imported into Great Britain annually to feed cattle, and the London *Agricultural Gazette* styles it "the very best food imported, and by its use English graziers can compete with the American."

COMPOST.—Compost heaps are in order now, and, in making them, remember that potash, nitrogen and phosphoric acid are great fertilizers.

DOMESTIC.

GUMBO.—Gumbo is the name of soup; Okra is the plant. Okra is cultivated in every vegetable garden in Texas. The tender pods are boiled and dressed with salt, pepper and butter, and always called Okra. Soup, made by boiling beef, chicken, or duck until the meat will part from the bone, which is then chopped fine as for mince meat and put back into the soup, and young Okra pods cut up thin across the pod are put into the soup and simmered for an hour, red and black pepper are added, and when done it is called "Gumbo," and persons accustomed to the dish are very fond of it. The Creoles often add Sassafras leaves cut fine to give the Gumbo a flavor and add to the mucilaginous qualities of the Gumbo. Okra is much used in all soups with other vegetables. It should not be cooked in an iron kettle, as it turns the Okra black. The test for Okra is to break the pod from the plant; if it will not break it has passed the edible state. Okra, Tomatoes and Green Corn, in equal quantities, seasoned with butter, pepper and salt, and baked for two hours, is a favorite Southern dish.

EVERYBODY should send 25 cents to Strawbridge & Clothier and receive their *Fashion Quarterly* for six months. Nearly 1000 illustrations and four pages of new music in each issue.

WEARING FLANNEL.—Put it on at once. Winter or summer, nothing better can be worn next to the skin than a loose, red, woolen flannel shirt; "loose," for it has room to move on the skin, thus causing a titillation which draws the blood to the surface and keeps it there; and, when this is the case, no one can take cold; "red," for white fulls up, mats together and becomes stiff, heavy and impervious; "woolen," the product of a sheep and not of a gentleman of color, not of cotton wool, because that merely absorbs the moisture from the surface, while woolen flannel conveys it from the skin and deposits it in drops on the outside of the shirt, from which the ordinary cotton shirt absorbs it, and, by its nearer exposure to the exterior air, it is soon dried without injury to the body. Having these properties, red woolen flannel is worn by sailors even in the midsummer of the hottest countries. Wear a thinner material in summer.

For dyspepsia, indigestion, depression of spirits and general debility, in their various forms; also as a preventive against fever and ague and other intermittent fevers, the "Ferro-Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya," made by Caswell, Hazard & Co, New York, sold by all Druggists, is the best tonic; and for patients recovering from fever or other sickness, it has no equal.

TO MAKE POTATOES MEALY.—A Canada paper says: "In our kitchen we overcome the soggy disposition of these valuable vegetables by soaking them a few hours in cold water, and putting them into hot water to boil, without salt; then when they are tender nearly all the way through, turn the water off and refill the saucepan with cold water. Put in salt and boil till they are quite done; drain off that water also, cover as tightly as possible, and set on the back of the range to steam, lifting the cover for an instant once or twice; then with one hand holding down the lid, shake the saucepan gently, quickly, and steadily for a moment and serve your potatoes hot. If rightly managed they will be like snowballs."

No poisonous drugs enter into the composition of Carboline, a deodorized extract of petroleum, the natural hair restorer and dressing as now improved and perfected. It is the perfection of the chemist's art, and will, beyond a peradventure, restore the hair on bald heads.

TO STRAIGHTEN WARPED BOARDS.—If the wood is in a large piece, the convex or hollow side should be steamed or moistened a little, and then laid on a dry floor, holding it down with a smooth, flat board, upon which weights are placed. When quite dry it will be found to have regained its original shape. If the wood is in small pieces, it can be easily straightened by gently steaming the convex side over a tea-kettle, and then holding the other side toward the heat until it becomes straight, when it can be left in a press or under weights for a few hours. Almost any warped woods will yield under this treatment.

Vegetine.—For eradicating all impurities of the blood from the system, it has no equal. It has never failed to effect a cure, giving tone and strength to the system debilitated by disease.

SOOT TEA FOR ROSES,—Get some soot from a chimney or stove where wood is used for fuel, put into an old pitcher and pour hot water upon it. When cool use it to water your plants every few days. When it is all used, fill up the pitcher with hot water. The effect upon plants, especially upon roses that have almost hopelessly deteriorated, is wonderful in procuring a growth of thrifty shoots, with large thick leaves and a great number of richly-tinted roses. Never despair of a decayed rose bush until this has been tried.

SPECIFIC FOR BRONCHITIS AND ASTHMA.—Mr. G. A. Sala states that an unfailing source of relief from the agonies of bronchitis and spasmodic asthma will be found in the following specific: The juice of 2 lemons, which have been warmed in the oven to dry the skins, 4 ounces of the best honey, 2 spoonfuls of the very best Florence oil. Mix carefully, put in an earthen jar, which keep covered, and swallow a spoonful when you feel the fit coming on you.

KEEPING FRUIT IN SAND.—A writer in the London *Garden* says that he keeps fruit in this way all the year round. He has had French crabs two years old. The Catillac pear has remained sound twelve months. The fruit must be sound when stored, and the sand must be quite dry. The chief advantages of packing in sand are, the exclusion of air currents, the preservation from changes of temperature, and the absorption of moisture which favors decay. Much will depend on the apartment in which the experiment is tried, a dry or cool one being best.

A HOT lemonade is one of the best remedies for a cold, as it acts promptly and efficiently, and has no unpleasant after effects. One lemon should be properly squeezed, cut in slices, put with sugar and covered with half a pint of boiling water. Drink just before going to bed, and do not expose yourself on the following day. The remedy will ward off an attack of chills and fever if it is used promptly.

HUMOROUS.

THE upper hold in Nevada: When he said he had lived in Nevada several years a man who looked some thing like a church deacon stepped forward and asked: "My friend, is the Bible respected in that State?" "Oh, yes." "Do they have churches?" "Plenty of 'em." "And the Lord rules there as well as in New Jersey?" "Well, I don't know about that," was the doubtful answer. "When I bought mining stocks for twenty per cent. of their face value and saw them jump to fifty above par I thought the Lord had a firm grip on the State; but again, when I struck a silver mine worth millions in digging fish bait and sold the whole for a gallon of whiskey which burnt the soles off my boots, I had a dim suspicion that the devil and Nevada were partners in stocking the cards."

The poor sufferer that has been dosing himself with so-called Troches and thereby upset his stomach without curing the troublesome cough, should take our advice and use at once Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup and get well.

THRIFT: Foote's favorite butt was Garrick, whose thrifty habits he was constantly turning into ridicule. One day while in company with him David, after satirizing some individual, wound up his attack by saying: "Well, perhaps before I condemn another I should pull the beam out of my own eye." Foote replied: "And so you would if you could sell the timber."

***"Wise men say nothing in dangerous times." Wise men use nothing in dangerous diseases but the best and most approved remedies. Thus Kidney-Wort is employed universally in cases of diseased liver, kidney and bowels. It will cost you but a trifle to try it, and the result will be most delightful.

☞Millions of packages of the Diamond Dyes have been sold without a single complaint. Everywhere they are the favorite Dyes.

"I TELL yer wot, boys," exclaimed old Ben, the roughest man in the camp; "I tell yer wot, boys, it made a feller feel kinder watery round the lids to hear that little chit of a thing a-settin' up thar like an angel a-sayin' her prayers so cute, 'Mary had a little lamb,' or sunthin' er thet sort."

Sept. 14th, 1880.

Hop Bitters Co., TORONTO:

I have been sick for the past six years, suffering from dyspepsia and general weakness. I have used three bottles of Hop Bitters, and they have done wonders for me. I am well and able to work, and eat and sleep well. I cannot say too much for Hop Bitters.

SIMON ROBBINS.

A CLASSIC and a naturalist are talking over the last storm: "So our friend was actually killed by a stroke of lightning?" says the classic. "Exactly so." "He perished as Ajax did, defying Jupiter?" "No, he was eating some peas stewed in oil."

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this receipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. Noyes, 149 *Power's Block, Rochester, N. Y.*

MARKETING item: A man who detected a piece of bark in his sausage visited the butcher's shop to know what had become of the rest of the dog. The butcher was so affected that he could give him only a part of the tale.

AN EXTRAORDINARY CASE.

AUSTIN, TEXAS, February 20, 1881.

To Mr. J. W. Graham, Druggist:

Dear Sir—My case was an acute form of Bronchitis, and was of one and a half years's duration. I employed the best medical aid possible, but failed rapidly, until the doctors said I would die—that my case was incurable. Thrown upon my own resources, I got a bottle of DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS, and in six hours felt a decided relief. In three days the cough almost disappeared. Now that my chances of life are good for many years, I earnestly recommend the above to every sufferer of throat or lung disease. O. G. LATHROP.

GENERAL SPINNER is fishing down in Florida with eminent success. He just baits with his signature, and the fish that can distinguish it from the writhingest kind of a worm has to be an expert of many years' standing.

THAT was a very clever young woman who made a pen "wiper" to resemble a snake.—*Folio.* Yes, but you remember that William Penn's pocket-handkerchief was the original Penn wiper.

Allen's Brain Food.

Cures Nervous Debility and Weakness of Generative Organs, $1 all druggists. Send for circular. Allen's Pharmacy, 313 First av. N. Y.

"DON'T you think I have a good face for the stage?" asked a young lady with histrionic aspirations. "I don't know about the stage," replied her gallant companion, "but you have a lovely face for a buss!"

AN innocent Omaha girl who saw an organ grinder's monkey for the first time exclaimed, "Is that thing one of them ere æsthetes that we read about?"

Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer is the marvel of the age for all nerve diseases. All fits stopped free. Send to 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

MUSICAL criticism: An Indian chief in Washington went to see the Ideal Opera Company. When M. W. Whitney gave a particularly low note the chief said: "Ugh! him heap dug out."

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*Among the most efficacious of remedial agents are the medical preparations from the laboratory of Mrs. Lydia E Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.

A STRONG superlative: "Yes, sir," said the Kentuckian; "I never was in a more tantalizing position in my life. There were three of us, with a pack of cards, in the room and not a deuced cent in the crowd."

Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure.

THE difference: Light houses are better appreciated by sailors than by actors.

Vegetine.

Purifies the Blood and Gives Strength.

DU QUOIN, ILL, Jan. 21, 1878.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir,—Your "Vegetine" has been doing wonders for me. Have been having the *Chills* and *Fever*, contracted in the swamps of the South, nothing giving me relief until I began the use of your Vegetine, it giving me immediate relief, toning up my system, purifying my blood, giving strength; whereas all other medicines weakened me, and filled my system with poison; and I am satisfied that if families that live in the ague districts of the South and West would take Vegetine two or three times a week, they would not be troubled with the "Chills," or the malignant "Fevers," that prevail at certain times of the year, save doctors' bills, and live to a good old age.

Respectfully yours,
J. E MITCHELL,
Agent Henderson's Looms, St. Louis, Mo.

ALL DISEASES OF THE BLOOD. If Vegetine will relieve pain, cleanse, purify and cure such diseases, restoring the patient to perfect health, after trying different physicians, many remedies, suffering for years, is it not conclusive proof, if you are a sufferer, you can be cured? Why is this medicine performing such great cures? It works in the blood, in the circulating fluid. It can truly be called the *Great Blood Purifier.* The great source of disease originates in the blood; and no medicine that does not act directly upon it, to purify and renovate, has any just claim upon public attention.

Humor in the Blood Cured.

BALTIMORE, MD., April 25, 1879.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir,—I have been afflicted with *Humor* in the *Blood* for some time, which gave me considerable annoyance, and after trying several blood remedies, recommended for similar affections, I was induced to try two bottles of *Vegetine*, which benefitted me so much that I concluded to continue taking it, and after six bottles were taken, I found the annoyance had ceased, and up to this date I am not in the least troubled by it, and am enjoying the best of health. I can cheerfully recommend it to all persons suffering from any humor in the blood. Respectfully,

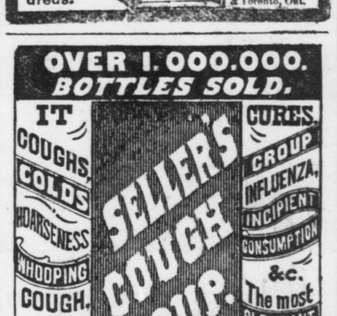
MARY E. LAMBDIN.

Vegetine thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

Vegetine is sold by all Druggists.

Dr. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS



The true antidote to the effects of miasma is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. This medicine is one of the most popular remedies of an age of successful proprietary specifics, and is in immense demand wherever on this Continent fever and ague exists. A wineglassful three times a day is the best possible preparative for encountering a malarious atmosphere, regulating the liver, and invigorating the stomach.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

285

OVER 1.000.000. BOTTLES SOLD.

IT COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, WHOOPING COUGH, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS

SELLER'S COUGH SYRUP.

25 Cts A BOTTLE.

CURES CROUP, INFLUENZA, INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION &c. The most PLEASANT AND EFFICACIOUS REMEDY IN USE.

R. E. SELLERS & CO.
—PITTSBURGH, PA.—

"LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER"
THE GREAT TONIC AND LIFE PRESERVER.

KIDNEY-WORT

THE GREAT CURE FOR R-H-E-U-M-A-T-I-S-M

As it is for all the painful diseases of the KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS.

It cleanses the system of the acrid poison that causes the dreadful suffering which only the victims of Rheumatism can realise.

THOUSANDS OF CASES of the worst forms of this terrible disease have been quickly relieved, and in short time PERFECTLY CURED.

PRICE, $1. LIQUID OR DRY, SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

Dry can be sent by mail.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Burlington Vt.

Acts at the Same Time on KIDNEYS, LIVER and BOWELS.

KIDNEY-WORT

PENSIONS TO ALL

Soldiers that were disabled by wounds or disease, loss of a finger or toe, piles, diarrhœa, rupture loss of eyesight, loss of hearing, heart and lung disease rheumatism, or any other disease or hurt by accident or otherwise, gives you a pension. Widows, children, fathers, mothers, brothers and sisters are entitled to pensions. Pensions procured where discharge is lost. New discharges obtained. Honorable discharges and pensions for all deserters, by act of August 7, 1882. PENSIONS INCREASED from $8.00 to $72.00 per month. REJECTED pension claims a specialty. Advice FREE. Address (with stamp) B. F. Pritchard, Washington, D. C.

Our Progress.

As stages are quickly abandoned with the completion of railroads, so the huge, drastic, cathartic pills, composed of crude and bulky medicines, are quickly abandoned with the introduction of Dr. Pierce's "Pleasant Puragative Pellets," which are sugar-coated, and little larger than mustard seeds, but composed of highly concentrated vegetable extracts. By druggists.

THE new reporter was sent to the school exhibition. His reports read pretty well; but there were a few things in it which did not meet the approval of the local editor—such, for instance, as these: "The essays of the graduating were good, whoever wrote them;" "the floral offerings were excessive, and from the number received by Miss Simplegush we judge her father owns a first-class greenhouse;" "the young lady who read the valedictory to the teachers has in her the making of a fine actress. She simulated sorrow so accurately that the writer might have been misled had he not subsequently heard the young lady speak of this same 'dear teacher' as 'a hateful old thing.'"

Tennyson's "May Queen."

Who knows that if the beautiful girl who died so young had been blessed with Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription" she might have reigned on many another bright May-day. The "Favorite Prescription" is a certain cure for all those disorders to which females are liable. By druggists.

A DILEMMA: An Austin boy had the bad habit of reading after he went to bed, and leaving the candle burning, much to the alarm of his parents, who were afraid he would set the house on fire. As the boy did pretty much as he pleased, his father told the colored boy who waited on the table to go up into the son's room after he had gone to sleep and put out the light, which programme was carried out for several months. One night, however, the parents of the boy were aroused from a sound slumber by the calling out: "Boss, oh Boss! what am I ter do?" "Merciful Moses! what has happened?" "De boy has done—" "Merciful heavens! has he set the house on fire?" "No, but he put de light out hisself. I want ter know what I'm gwine ter do about hit?"

If the blood be impoverished, as manifested by pimples, eruptions, ulcers, or running sores, scrofulous tumors, swellings or general debility, take Dr. R. V. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery." Sold by druggists.

"YES," said the bartender in a western mining camp, "I water my liquor, and have good reason for it, too. I don't wan't to refuse a man a drink when he is drunk, because he will get mad and break things. So I water the liquor so it won't make him any worse. As for the sober ones, I water their liquor so they won't get drunk at all, and consequently I save a fight both ways."

***"Men are but sorry witnesses in their own cause." The praise of Kidney-Wort comes from the mouth of those who have been made strong and healthy by it. Listen: "It is curing everybody," writes a druggist. "Kidney-Wort is the most popular medicine we sell." It should be by right, for no other medicine has such specific action on the liver, bowels and kidneys.

☞Make your old things look like new by using the Diamond Dyes, and you will be happy. Any of the fashionable colors for 10 cents.

A FRENCH scientist has made some experiments recently which go to show that all classes of insects, in proportion to their size, are from fifteen to forty times as strong as a horse. If you don't believe in the strength of insect life, watch the velvety little bumble-bee, with the tropical polonaise, and see him lift a two-hundred pound picnic man out of the grass.

If you are a frequenter or a resident of a miasmatic district, barricade your system against the scourge of all new countries—ague, bilious and intermittent fevers—by the use of Hop Bitters.

LUDINGTON, MICH., Feb. 2nd, 1880.

I have sold Hop Bitters for four years and there is no medicine that surpasses them for bilious attacks, kidney complaints and many diseases incident to this malarial climate.

H. T. ALEXANDER.

WHEN all the buffalo are killed off, if Uncle Sam can be induced to quit feeding the red devils on canned goods and other government rations, they will have to put up at an American boarding-house, and then dyspepsia will wind up the noble red man. The Secretary of the Interior should cut this out and paste it where he will see it again.

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A Medicine for Woman. Invented by a Woman. Prepared by a Woman.

The Greatest Medical Discovery Since the Dawn of History.

☞It revives the drooping spirits, invigorates and harmonizes the organic functions, gives elasticity and firmness to the step, restores the natural lustre to the eye, and plants on the pale cheek of woman the fresh roses of life's spring and early summer time.

☞Physicians Use It and Prescribe It Freely☜

It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulant, and relieves weakness of the stomach.

That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use

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